

**LUPEROX® 26**

**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

**Company**

Arkema Inc.  
900 First Avenue  
King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

**Functional Additives**

**Customer Service Telephone Number:** (800) 331-7654  
(Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM EST)

**Emergency Information**

**Transportation:** CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300  
(24 hrs., 7 days a week)  
**Medical:** Rocky Mountain Poison Center: (866) 767-5089  
(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

**Product Information**

**Product name:** LUPEROX® 26  
**Synonyms:** t-butyl peroctoate; t-butylperoxy 2-ethylhexanoate  
**Molecular formula:** C<sub>12</sub> H<sub>24</sub> O<sub>3</sub>  
**Chemical family:** Organic peroxide - peroxyesters  
**Product use:** Initiator

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**Emergency Overview**

**Color:** Clear - colourless  
**Physical state:** liquid  
**Odor:** sweet

**\*Classification of the substance or mixture:**

Organic peroxides, Type C, H242  
Skin sensitisation, Category 1, H317  
Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1, H400  
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1, H410

\*For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

**GHS-Labeling**

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word:

**Danger**

**Hazard statements:**

H242 : Heating may cause a fire.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Supplemental Hazard Statements:**

Organic peroxide. Hazardous decomposition may occur. Temperature controlled. Thermally unstable - refrigeration required. Combustible liquid and vapor.

**Precautionary statements:**

**Prevention:**

P210 : Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P220 : Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.

P234 : Keep only in original container.

P261 : Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P272 : Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 : Avoid release to the environment.

P280 : Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**

P302 + P352 : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333 + P313 : If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P363 : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 : Collect spillage.

**Storage:**

P410 : Protect from sunlight.

P411 + P235 : Maximum storage temperature is specified on label and in section 7 of SDS. Keep cool.

P420 : Store away from other materials.

**Disposal:**

P501 : Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

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Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
Hexaneperoxoic acid, 2-ethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester	3006-82-4	>= 97 %	H317, H400, H411, H242

\*\*For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation:**

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air.

**Skin:**

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**Eyes:**

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

**Ingestion:**

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing media (suitable):**

Water spray, Foam, Dry chemical

**Protective equipment:**

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

**Further firefighting advice:**

Fight fire with large amounts of water from a safe distance.  
Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.  
Closed containers of this material may explode when subjected to heat from surrounding fire.  
After a fire, wait until the material has cooled to room temperature before initiating clean-up activities.  
Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.  
Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

**Fire and explosion hazards:**

Contact with incompatible materials or exposure to temperatures exceeding the SADT may result in a self accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may autoignite.  
When burned, the following hazardous products of combustion can occur:  
Carbon oxides  
Hazardous organic compounds

**LUPEROX® 26****6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****Personal precautions, Emergency procedures, Methods and materials for containment/clean-up:**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid generation of vapors. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material such as sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate, calcium carbonate, clean sand or non-acidic clay and then wet down (dampen) the mixture with water. DO NOT USE peat moss. Sweep or scoop up using non-sparking tools and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal. The sweepings should be wetted down further with water. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

**Protective equipment:**

Appropriate personal protective equipment is set forth in Section 8.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE****Handling****General information on handling:**

Temperature controlled! Cool and maintain proper temperature for product.  
Contact with materials to avoid or exposure to temperatures exceeding the SADT may result in a self-accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may autoignite.  
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.  
Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.  
No smoking.  
Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements.  
DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.  
Use only with adequate ventilation.  
Wash thoroughly after handling.  
Prevent product contamination.  
Keep container tightly closed and away from combustible materials.  
Keep only in the original container.  
Emptied container retains vapor and product residue.  
Container hazardous when empty.  
Do not reuse container as it may retain hazardous product residue.  
Follow label warnings even after container is emptied.  
Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and/or illegal.

**Storage****General information on storage conditions:**

Keep refrigerated. Store in closed containers, in a secure area to prevent container damage and subsequent spillage. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Store out of direct sunlight in a cool well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Store away from combustibles and materials to avoid. Ensure that all storage and handling equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. Static electricity may accumulate when transferring material. All metal and groundable storage containers, including but not limited to drums, cylinders, Returnable Intermodal Bulk Containers (RIBCs) and Class C Flexible Intermodal Bulk Containers (FIBCs) must be bonded and grounded during filling and emptying operations. Refer also to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 400, Hazardous Materials Code. Observe all federal, state and local regulations and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Codes which pertain to the specific local conditions of storage and use, including OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 and NFPA 30, 70, 77, and 497.

**LUPEROX® 26****Storage stability – Remarks:**

Keep refrigerated. Follow the recommended storage temperatures provided in this Section in order to maintain stability and oxygen content.

**Storage incompatibility – General:**

Store separate from:

Strong acids

Strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

Reducing agents

Amines

Accelerators

Friedel - Crafts reaction catalyst

transition metal salts

metal ions

Brass

Copper

Iron

For all Organic Peroxides, compatible materials of contact are stainless steel 304 or 316 (preferred), high-density polyethylene (HDPE), polytetrafluoroethylene or glass linings.

**Temperature tolerance – Do not store above:**

50 °F (10 °C)

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION****Airborne Exposure Guidelines:****Engineering controls:**

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.

**Respiratory protection:**

Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces need for face shield and/or chemical goggles.

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Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

**Skin protection:**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant protective clothing and chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact. Consult glove manufacturer to determine appropriate type glove material for given application. Wear chemical goggles, a face shield, and chemical resistant clothing such as a rubber apron when splashing may occur. Rinse immediately if skin is contaminated. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash before reuse. Clean protective equipment before reuse. Provide a safety shower at any location where skin contact can occur. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Eye protection:**

Where eye contact may be likely, wear chemical goggles and have eye flushing equipment available.

<b>9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES</b>
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<b>Color:</b>	Clear - colourless
<b>Physical state:</b>	liquid
<b>Odor:</b>	sweet
<b>Odor threshold:</b>	No data available
<b>Flash point</b>	The flashpoint of this product is greater than the Self Acceleration Decomposition Temperature (SADT).
<b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b>	No data available
<b>Lower flammable limit (LFL):</b>	No data available
<b>Upper flammable limit (UFL):</b>	No data available
<b>pH:</b>	No data available
<b>Density:</b>	0.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (59 °F (15 °C))
<b>Specific Gravity (Relative density):</b>	0.9 (59 °F (15 °C))Water=1 (liquid)
<b>Vapor pressure:</b>	5.6 mmHg (50 °F (10 °C))
<b>Vapor density:</b>	No data available
<b>Boiling point/boiling range:</b>	Decomposes before boiling. Rate of decomposition increases with rising temperature.
<b>Melting point/range:</b>	No data available

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<b>Freezing point:</b>	< -76 °F (< -60 °C)
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	No data available
<b>Solubility in water:</b>	0.07 g/l
<b>Refractive index:</b>	1.4306 68 °F (20 °C)
<b>Viscosity, dynamic:</b>	3.97 mPa.s 68 °F (20 °C)
<b>Oil/water partition coefficient:</b>	No data available
<b>Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature (SADT):</b>	108 °F (42 °C) 35 pound container
<b>Thermal decomposition</b>	No data available
<b>Active oxygen content:</b>	7.18 %
<b>Flammability:</b>	See GHS Classification in Section 2

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Stability:

Refrigeration required. This material is chemically unstable and should only be handled under specified conditions. See HANDLING AND STORAGE section of this SDS for specified conditions.

### Hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

### Materials to avoid:

Strong acids  
Strong bases  
Strong oxidizing agents  
Reducing agents  
Accelerators  
Friedel - Crafts reaction catalyst  
transition metal salts  
metal ions  
Brass  
Copper  
Iron

For all Organic Peroxides, compatible materials of contact are stainless steel 304 or 316 (preferred), high-density polyethylene (HDPE), polytetrafluoroethylene or glass linings.

### Conditions / hazards to avoid:

See HANDLING AND STORAGE section of this SDS for specified conditions. SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature. Lowest temperature at which the tested package size will undergo a self-accelerating decomposition reaction. This reaction will generate flammable vapors which may autoignite. The length of time to generate a decomposition reaction, after the SADT has been reached or exceeded, is dependent upon how much the SADT has been exceeded and the length of time needed for the reaction exotherm (heat spike from increasing decomposition rate) to initiate a rapid decomposition reaction. Typically, SADT is inversely proportional to package

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size. Larger packages will have a lower SADT due to smaller ratio to heat transfer area to volume of product.

**Hazardous decomposition products:**

Temperatures at or above SADT can result in the release of hazardous decomposition products which are flammable and may autoignite.

Thermal decomposition giving flammable and toxic products:

Carbon oxides

Hazardous organic compounds

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

**Data for Hexaneperoxoic acid, 2-ethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (3006-82-4)****Acute toxicity****Oral:**

Practically nontoxic. (rat) LD<sub>0</sub> > 10,000 mg/kg.

**Dermal:**

Practically nontoxic. (rabbit) LD<sub>50</sub> = 16,800 mg/kg.

**Inhalation:**

Practically nontoxic. (rat) 4 h LC<sub>50</sub> = 42.2 mg/l. (aerosol)

**Skin Irritation:**

Practically non-irritating. (rabbit) Irritation Index: 1.2/8.0. (4 h) (occluded exposure)

**Eye Irritation:**

Causes mild eye irritation. (rabbit)

**Skin Sensitization:**

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Buehler method. (guinea pig) Skin allergy was observed.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

Subchronic oral administration to rat / No adverse effects reported.

Repeated oral administration to rat / affected organ(s): kidney, liver / signs: changes in organ structure or function, changes in blood cell counts, clinical chemistry changes

**Genotoxicity****Assessment in Vitro:**

Both positive and negative responses for genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria

Genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: animal cells



**LUPEROX® 26****Genotoxicity****Assessment in Vivo:**

No genetic changes were observed in a laboratory test using: mice

An equivocal response has been reported in a test using: mice

**Developmental toxicity**

Exposure during pregnancy. Oral (rat) / delays in development

**Reproductive effects**

Reproductive/Developmental Effects Screening Assay. Oral (rat) / No toxicity to reproduction.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Chemical Fate and Pathway**

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

**Data for Hexaneperoxoic acid, 2-ethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (3006-82-4)****Biodegradation:**

Inherently biodegradable. (28 d) biodegradation 55 %

**Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:**

log Pow = 4.79

**Ecotoxicology**

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

**Data for Hexaneperoxoic acid, 2-ethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (3006-82-4)****Aquatic toxicity data:**

Toxic. Poecilia reticulata (guppy) 96 h LC50 = 8.6 mg/l

**Aquatic invertebrates:**

Toxic. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 48 h EC50 = 7.5 mg/l

**Algae:**

Very toxic. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 72 h ErC50 = 0.4394 mg/l

**Microorganisms:**

Respiration inhibition / Activated sludge 30 min EC50 = 64 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:**

Toxic. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 21 d NOEC r = 0.45 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic plants:**

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 72 h NOEC (growth rate) = 0.018 mg/l

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### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste disposal:

Dilution followed by incineration is the preferred method. Dilution ratio of 10:1 in a clean, compatible, combustible solvent (i.e., Fuel Oil #2, mineral oil) will reduce reactivity hazard during incineration and transportation. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

Take appropriate measures to prevent release to the environment.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### US Department of Transportation (DOT)

UN Number	:	3113
Proper shipping name	:	Organic peroxide type C, liquid, temperature controlled
Technical name	:	(Tert-Butylperoxy-2-ethylhexanoate, >52-100%)
Class	:	5.2
Packaging group	:	II
Marine pollutant	:	yes
Control temperature	:	68 °F (20 °C)
Emergency temperature	:	77 °F (25 °C)

#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN Number	:	3113
Proper shipping name	:	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
Technical name	:	(Tert-BUTYL PEROXY-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE, >52-100%)
Class	:	5.2
Marine pollutant	:	yes
Control temperature	:	68 °F (20 °C)
Emergency temperature	:	77 °F (25 °C)

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### Chemical Inventory Status

EU. EINECS	EINECS	Conforms to
United States TSCA Inventory	TSCA	The components of this product are all on the TSCA Inventory.
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	DSL	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

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China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	IECSC (CN)	Conforms to
Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory	ENCS (JP)	Conforms to
Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances	ISHL (JP)	Conforms to
Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	KECI (KR)	Conforms to
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	PICCS (PH)	Conforms to
Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	AICS	Conforms to

**United States – Federal Regulations**

**SARA Title III – Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:**

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

**SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:**

Acute Health Hazard, Fire Hazard, Reactivity Hazard

**SARA Title III – Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):**

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
2-Propanol, 2-methyl-	75-65-0	100 lbs

**United States – State Regulations**

**New Jersey Right to Know**

No components are subject to the New Jersey Right to Know Act.

**Pennsylvania Right to Know**

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Hexaneperoxoic acid, 2-ethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester	3006-82-4

**California Prop. 65**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive defects.

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H242	Heating may cause a fire.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Miscellaneous:

Other information:	Refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Codes 30, 70, 77, and 497 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106, for safe handling. Back-up or emergency refrigeration should be available in case primary refrigeration is lost. Emergency dry ice source(s) should be known in case of refrigeration failure. Temperature in storage areas should be monitored. Refrigeration systems should have high temperature alarms to warn of loss of refrigeration.
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Latest Revision(s):

Reference number:	000000034036
Date of Revision:	10/18/2015
Date Printed:	11/29/2016

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*Arkema has implemented a Medical Policy regarding the use of Arkema products in Medical Devices applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids (<http://www.arkema.com/en/social-responsibility/responsible-product-management/medical-device-policy/index.html>) Arkema has designated Medical grades to be used for such Medical Device applications. Products that have not been designated as Medical grades are not authorized by Arkema for use in Medical Device applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids. In addition, Arkema strictly prohibits the use of any Arkema products in Medical Device applications that are implanted in the body or in contact with bodily fluids or tissues for greater than 30 days. The Arkema trademarks and the Arkema name shall not be used in conjunction with customers' medical devices, including without limitation, permanent or temporary implantable devices, and customers shall not represent to anyone else, that Arkema allows, endorses or permits the use of Arkema products in such medical devices.*

*It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to determine the suitability (including biocompatibility) of all raw materials, products and components, including any medical grade Arkema products, in order to ensure that the final end-use product is safe for its end use; performs or functions as intended; and complies with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements (FDA or other national drug agencies) It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to conduct all necessary tests and inspections and to evaluate the medical device under actual end-use requirements and to adequately advise and warn purchasers, users, and/or learned intermediaries (such as physicians) of pertinent risks and fulfill any postmarket surveillance obligations. Any decision regarding the appropriateness of a particular Arkema material in a particular medical device should be based on the judgment of the manufacturer, seller, the competent authority, and the treating physician.*

